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surgeon. There were 7 deaths in England from smallpox, 3 in London, 2 in Liverpool, 1 in Leicester, and 1 in Swansea. There were 128 cases of smallpox under treatment at the close of the week, 42 less than the previous week, and 2,623 of scarlet fever, 1,048 of diphtheria, and 265 of enteric fever. Eighteen fresh cases of smallpox were reported during the week.

Cholera in Egypt.

Recent press reports state that the total number of cases of cholera at present existing in Egypt is 388. The total number of cases since July 15 is 4,278, of which 3,246 have ended fatally and 322 have been cured.

Respectfully,

JOHN McMULLEN,
Passed Assistant Surgeon.

The SURGEON-GENERAL.

LONDON, ENGLAND, *September 4, 1902.*

SIR: I have the honor to report that for the week ended August 30, 1902, there were inspected and given bills of health at this port 12 vessels and 188 members of the crew and cattlemen were vaccinated. Vaccination was performed by the ship's surgeon on 3 of the vessels. Only 2 fatal cases of smallpox occurred in England and both belonged to London. According to the returns from the hospitals for infectious diseases there were 109 cases of smallpox, 2,651 of scarlet fever, 1,017 of diphtheria, and 281 of enteric fever under treatment at the close of the week, August 30. The admissions were as follows: Smallpox, 11; scarlet fever, 295; diphtheria, 133, and enteric fever, 60 cases.

Respectfully,

JOHN McMULLEN,
Passed Assistant Surgeon.

The SURGEON-GENERAL.

GERMANY.

Report from Berlin—Plague and cholera in various countries.

BERLIN, GERMANY, *August 30, 1902.*

SIR: I have the honor to transmit herewith the latest information regarding plague, obtained from the imperial health office (Kaiserlichen Gesundheitsamt) at Berlin:

EGYPT.—Seven fresh cases of plague were registered during the week ended August 8, viz, 6 in Alexandria and 1 in Tuhk. Between August 8 and August 15, 4 plague cases and 1 death were recorded in Alexandria.

BRITISH INDIA.—In the Bombay Presidency during the week ended July 25, there were registered 1,581 new plague cases and 1,040 deaths.

BRAZIL.—In the middle of August, 5 deaths from plague were registered in Rio de Janeiro.

QUEENSLAND.—According to an official report dated August 19, another fatal case of plague has occurred at Townsville.

Respectfully,

FRANK H. MASON,
United States Consul-General.

The SURGEON-GENERAL.

BERLIN, GERMANY, *September 1, 1902.*

SIR: I have the honor to transmit herewith the latest information concerning cholera, obtained from the imperial health office at Berlin (Kaiserlichen Gesundheitsamt).

RUSSIA.—According to the official report published in the Government Gazette of August 15, cholera continues to rage with unabated violence in the more important towns in Manchuria, along the Chinese Eastern Railroad. Only in Inkou has a slight decrease in the number of cases been noted. In the Siberian districts, for the most part, only a few sporadic cases are reported. For instance, there were registered in Chabarowsk, between July 28 and August 7, 11 cases and 8 deaths. At the station Olowjannaja, on the Transbaikal Railway, there were recorded up to August 8, 8 cases and 5 deaths. Relatively numerous were the cases still in Blagoweschtschensk, Port Arthur, and Dalnij. In Blagoweschtschensk, since the beginning of the epidemic to July 28, 29 cases had been registered with 18 deaths. From July 29 to August 4 there occurred 123 cases and 93 deaths; from August 5 to August 11, 122 cases and 80 deaths. In Port Arthur, from the beginning of the disease to August 5, there had occurred 445 cases and 285 deaths.

EGYPT.—From July 29 to August 4 there were registered in the whole of Egypt 185 new cholera cases and 278 deaths, namely, in Cairo 73 cases and 163 deaths; in Gizeh, 3 cases and 1 death; in Assiout, 100 cases and 103 deaths, and in the province of Assiout, 8 new cases and 11 deaths. According to the official bulletin of August 14, there were recorded between August 5 and August 13 in Alexandria, 8 new cholera cases and 6 deaths. In Cairo, between August 7 and August 13, there were registered 92 fresh cholera cases and 86 deaths.

CHINA.—During the three weeks from June 16 to July 6, 366 deaths from cholera were registered among the Chinese population of Shanghai.

Respectfully,

FRANK H. MASON,
United States Consul-General.

The SURGEON-GENERAL.

GUATEMALA.

Weekly report of conditions and transactions at Livingston—Fruit port.

LIVINGSTON, GUATEMALA, September 2, 1902.

SIR: I have the honor to make the following report of the conditions and transactions at this port during the week ended September 2, 1902:

Present officially estimated population, 3,000. Number of cases and deaths from yellow fever during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from smallpox during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from typhus fever during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from cholera during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from plague during the week, none; number of deaths from other causes during the week, 2. Prevailing disease, malarial fever. General sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.

Bill of health was issued to the following vessel: September 2, steamship *Condor*; crew, 16; passengers from this port, none; passengers in transit, none; baggage disinfected, none.

Respectfully,

GUY A. DARCANTEL,
For A. J. SMITH,
Acting Assistant Surgeon.

The SURGEON-GENERAL.